

# Enhanced High Power Factor Preregulator

## FEATURES

- Controls Boost PWM to Near Unity Power Factor
- Limits Line Current Distortion To <3%
- World-Wide Operation Without Switches
- Accurate Power Limiting
- Fixed Frequency Average Current Mode Control
- High Bandwidth (5MHz), Low Offset Current Amplifier
- Integrated Current and Voltage Amp Output Clamps
- Multiplier Improvements: Linearity, 500mV VAC Offset (eliminates external resistor), 0-5V Multout Common Mode Range
- VREF "GOOD" Comparator
- Faster and Improved Accuracy ENABLE Comparator
- UVLO Threshold Options (16/10V / 10.5/10V)
- 300µA Startup Supply Current

## DESCRIPTION

The UC1854A/B products are pin compatible enhanced versions of the UC1854. Like the UC1854, these products provide all of the functions necessary for active power factor corrected preregulators. The controller achieves near unity power factor by shaping the AC input line current waveform to correspond to the AC input line voltage. To do this the UC1854A/B uses average current mode control. Average current mode control maintains stable, low distortion sinusoidal line current without the need for slope compensation, unlike peak current mode control.

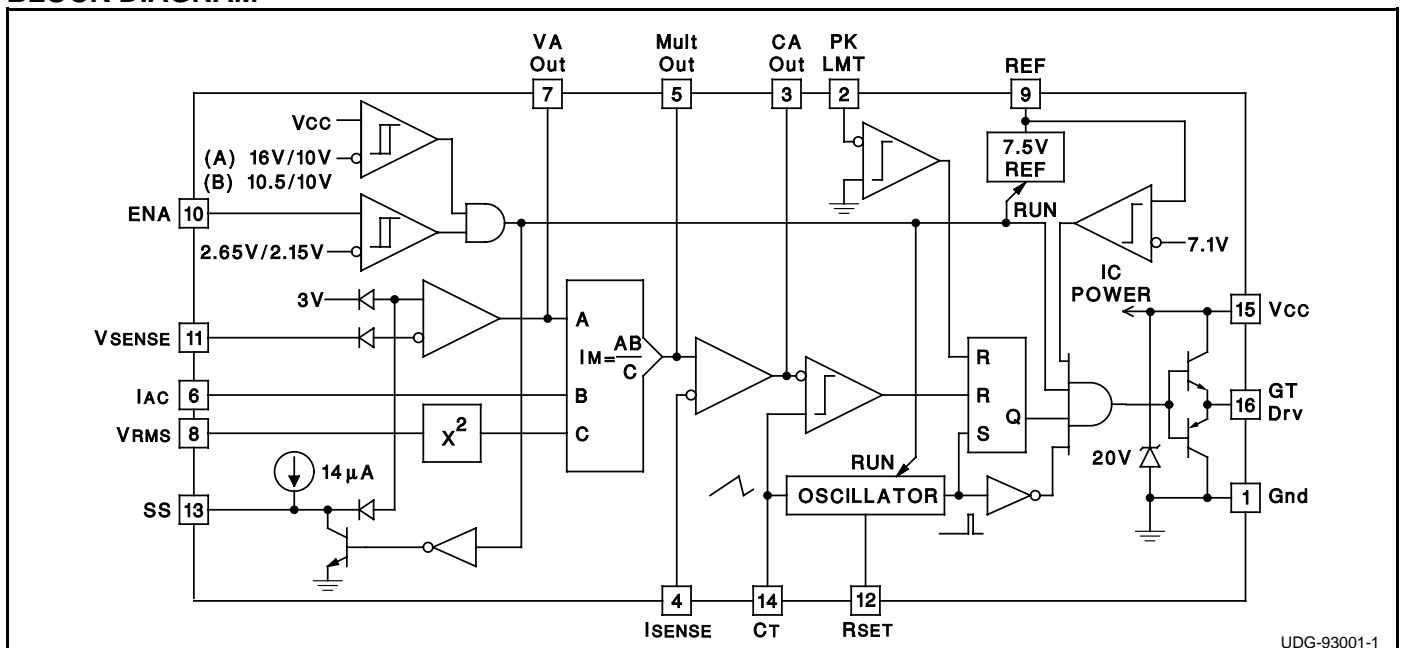
The UC1854A/B products improve upon the UC1854 by offering a wide bandwidth, low offset Current Amplifier, a faster responding and improved accuracy enable comparator, a VREF "good" comparator, UVLO threshold options (16/10V for offline, 10.5/10V for startup from an auxiliary 12V regulator), lower startup supply current, and an enhanced multiply/divide circuit. New features like the amplifier output clamps, improved amplifier current sinking capability, and low offset VAC pin reduce the external component count while improving performance. Improved common mode input range of the Multiplier output/Current Amp input allow the designer greater flexibility in choosing a method for current sensing. Unlike its predecessor, RSET controls only oscillator charging current and has no effect on clamping the maximum multiplier output current. This current is now clamped to a maximum of 2 \* IAC at all times which simplifies the design process and provides foldback power limiting during brownout and extreme low line conditions.

A 1% 7.5V reference, fixed frequency oscillator, PWM, Voltage Amplifier with softstart, line voltage feedforward (VRMS squarer), input supply voltage clamp, and over current comparator round out the list of features.

Available in the 16 pin N, DW, and J and 20 pin L and Q packages.

	UVLO Turn on	UVLO Turn off
UC1854A	16V	10V
UC1854B	10.5V	10V

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



UDG-93001-1

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage Vcc	22V
GT Drv Current, Continuous	0.5A
GT Drv Current, 50% Duty Cycle	1.5A
Input Voltage, VSENSE, VRMS	11V
Input Voltage, ISENSE, Mult Out	11V
Input Voltage, PKLMT	5V
Input Current, RSET, IAC, PKLMT, ENA	10mA
Power Dissipation	1W
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 Seconds)	+300°C

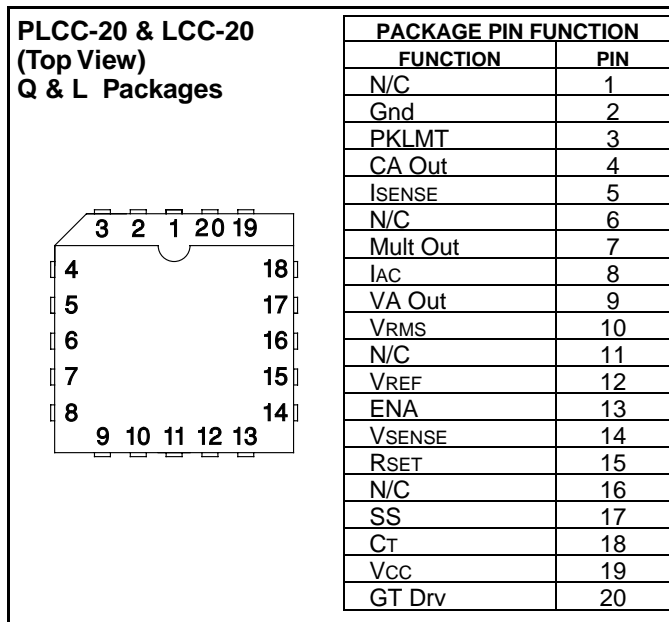
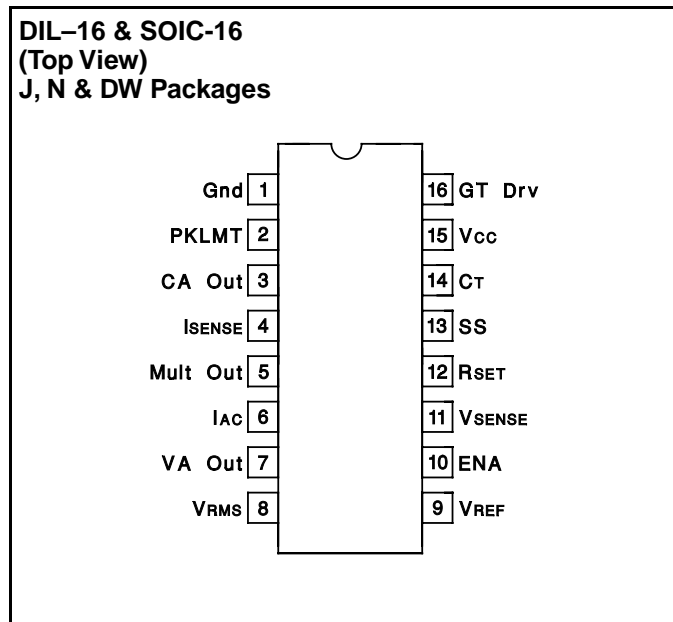
Note 1: All voltages with respect to Gnd (Pin 1).

Note 2: All currents are positive into the specified terminal.

Note 3: ENA input is internally clamped to approximately 10V.

Note 4: Consult Unitrode Integrated Circuits databook for information regarding thermal specifications and limitations of packages.

## CONNECTION DIAGRAMS



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** Unless otherwise stated, Vcc=18V, Rt=8.2k, Ct=1.5nF, PKLMT=1V, VRMS=1.5V, IAC=100μA, ISENSE=0V, CA Out=3.5V, VA Out=5V, VSENSE=3V, -55°C<TA<125°C for the UC1854A/B, -40°C<TA<85°C for the UC2854A/B, and 0°C<TA<70°C for the UC3854A/B, and TA=TJ.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>OVERALL</b>					
Supply Current, Off	CAO, VAO = 0V, Vcc = UVLO - 0.3V		250	400	μA
Supply Current, On			12	18	mA
Vcc Turn-On Threshold	UC1854A		16	17.5	V
	UC1854B		10.5	11.2	V
Vcc Turn-Off Threshold	UC1854A / B	9	10		V
Vcc Clamp	I(Vcc) = Icc(on) + 5mA	18	20	22	V
<b>VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER</b>					
Input Voltage		2.9	3.0	3.1	V
VSENSE Bias Current		-500	-25	500	nA
Open Loop Gain	VOUT = 2 to 5V	70	100		dB
VOUT High	ILOAD = -500μA		6		V
VOUT Low	ILOAD = 500μA		0.3	0.5	V
Output Short Circuit Current	VOUT = 0V		1.5	3.5	mA
Gain Bandwidth Product	Fin = 100kHz, 10mV p-p, (Note 1)		1		mHz

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont.)**

Unless otherwise stated, VCC=18V, RT=8.2k, CT=1.5nF, PKLMT=1V, VRMS=1.5V, IAC=100μA, ISENSE=0V, CA Out=3.5V, VA Out=5V, VSENSE=3V, -55°C<TA<125°C for the UC1854A/B, -40°C<TA<85°C for the UC2854A/B, and 0°C<TA<70°C for the UC3854A/B, and TA=TJ.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>CURRENT AMPLIFIER</b>					
Input Offset Voltage	VCM = 0V	TA = +25°C	-4	0	mV
		OverTemp	-5.5	0	mV
Input Bias Current(sense)	VCM = 0V	-500		500	nA
Open Loop Gain	VCM = 0V, VOUT = 2 to 6V	80	110		dB
VOUT High	ILOAD = -500μA		8		V
VOUT Low	ILOAD = 500μA		0.3	0.5	V
Output Short Circuit Current	VOUT = 0V		1.5	3.5	mA
Common Mode Range		-0.3		5	V
Gain Bandwidth Product	Fin = 100kHz, 10mV p-p, (Note 1)	3	5		mHz
<b>REFERENCE</b>					
Output Voltage	IREF = 0mA, TA = 25°C	7.4	7.5	7.6	V
	IREF = 0mA	7.35	7.5	7.65	V
Load Regulation	IREF = 1 to 10mA	0	8	20	mV
Line Regulation	VCC = 12 to 18V	0	14	25	mV
Short Circuit Current	VREF = 0V	25	35	60	mA
<b>OSCILLATOR</b>					
Initial Accuracy	TA = 25°C	85	100	115	kHz
Voltage Stability	VCC = 12 to 18V		1		%
Total Variation	Line, Temp	80		120	kHz
Ramp Amplitude (p-p)		4.9		5.9	V
Ramp Valley Voltage		0.8		1.3	V
<b>ENABLE / SOFTSTART / CURRENT LIMIT</b>					
Enable Threshold		2.5	2.65	2.8	V
Enable Hysteresis	VFAULT = 2.5V		500	600	mV
Enable Input Bias Current	VENABLE = 0V		-2	-5	μA
Propagation Delay to Disable	Enable Overdrive = -100mV,(Note 1)		300		ns
SS Charge Current	VSOFTSTART = 2.5V	10	14	24	
PKLMT Offset Voltage		-15		15	mV
PKLMT Input Current	VPKLMT = -0.1V	-200	-100		μA
PKLMT Propagation Delay	(Note 1)		150		ns
<b>MULTIPLIER</b>					
Output Current - IAC Limited	IAC=100μA, VRMS = 1V, RSET = 10k	-220	-200	-170	μA
Output Current - Zero	IAC=0μA, RSET = 10k	-2.0	-0.2	2.0	μA
Output Current - Power Limited	VRMS = 1.5V, Va = 6V	-230	-200	-170	μA
Output Current	VRMS = 1.5V, Va = 2V		-22		μA
	VRMS = 1.5V, Va = 5V		-156		μA
	VRMS = 5V, Va = 2V		-2		μA
	VRMS = 5V, Va = 5V		-14		μA
Gain Constant	(Note 2) VRMS = 1.5V, TJ = 25°C, Va = 6V	-1.1	-1.0	-0.9	A/A

Note 1: Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.

Note 2: Gain constant (K) =  $\frac{IAC \times (Va - 1.5V)}{VRMS^2 \times IMO}$

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise stated, V<sub>CC</sub>=18V, R<sub>T</sub>=8.2k, C<sub>T</sub>=1.5nF, P<sub>KLMT</sub>=1V, V<sub>RMS</sub>=1.5V, I<sub>AC</sub>=100μA, I<sub>SENSE</sub>=0V, CA Out=3.5V, VA Out=5V, V<sub>SENSE</sub>=3V, -55°C<T<sub>A</sub><125°C for the UC1854A/B, -40°C<T<sub>A</sub><85°C for the UC2854A/B, and 0°C<T<sub>A</sub><70°C for the UC3854A/B, and T<sub>A</sub>=T<sub>J</sub>.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>GATE DRIVER</b>					
Output High Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -200mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V	12	12.8		V
Output Low Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200mA		1	2.2	V
	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		300	500	mV
Output Low (UVLO)	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V		0.9	1.5	V
Output Rise / Fall Time	C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1nF, (Note 1)		35		ns
Output Peak Current	C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 10nF, (Note 1)		1.0		A

Note 1: Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.

Note 2: Gain constant (K) =  $\frac{I_{AC} \times (V_a - 1.5V)}{V_{RMS}^2 \times I_{MO}}$

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The UC1854A/B products were designed as pin compatible upgrades to the industry standard UC1854 active Power Factor correction circuits. The circuit enhancements allow the user to eliminate in most cases several external components currently required to successfully apply the UC1854. In addition, linearity improvements to the Multiply, Square, and Divide circuitry optimizes overall system performance. Detailed descriptions of the circuit enhancements are provided below. For in-depth design applications reference data refer to Unitrode application notes U-134 and DN-44.

### MULTIPLY / SQUARE AND DIVIDE

The UC1854A/B Multiplier design maintains the same gain constant (K = -1), as the UC1854. The relationship between the inputs and output current is given as:

$$I_{MO} = I_{AC}(V_{AO} - 1.5V) / K \bullet V_{RMS}^2$$

This is nearly the same as the UC1854, but circuit differences have improved the performance and application.

The first difference is with the I<sub>AC</sub> input. The UC1854A/B regulates this pin voltage to a nominal 500mV over the full operating temperature range, rather than the 6.0V used on the UC1854. This low offset voltage eliminates the need for a line zero crossing compensating resistor to V<sub>REF</sub> from I<sub>AC</sub> that UC1854 designs require. The maximum current at high line into I<sub>AC</sub> should be limited to 250μA for best performance. Therefore, if V<sub>AC</sub> (max) = 270V, then R<sub>AC</sub> = 270(1.414) / 250μA = 1.53MΩ.

The V<sub>RMS</sub> pin linear operating range is improved with the UC1854A/B as well. The input range for V<sub>RMS</sub> extends from 0 to 5.5V. Since the UC1854A squaring circuit employs an analog multiplier, rather than a linear approximation, accuracy is improved, and discontinuities are eliminated. The external divider network connected to V<sub>RMS</sub> should produce 1.5V at low line (85VAC). This will

put 4.77V on V<sub>RMS</sub> at high line (27VAC) which is well within its operating range.

The Voltage Amplifier output forms the third input to the Multiplier and is internally clamped to 6.0V. This eliminates an external zenerclamp often used in UC1854 designs. The offset voltage at this input to the Multiplier has been raised on the UC1854A/B to 1.5V.

The Multiplier output pin, which is also common to the Current Amplifier non-inverting input, has a -0.3V to 5.0V output range, compared to the -0.3 to 2.5V range of the UC1854. This improvement allows the UC1854A/B to be used in applications where the current sense signal amplitude is very large.

### VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

The UC1854A/B Voltage Amplifier design is essentially similar to the UC1854 with two exceptions. The first is with the internal connection. The lower voltage reduces the amount of charge on the compensation capacitor, which provides improved recovery from large signal events, such as line dropouts, or power interruption. It also minimizes the DC current flowing through the feedback. The output of the Voltage amplifier is also changed. In addition to a 6.0V temperature compensated clamp, the output short circuit current has been lowered to 2mA typical, and an active pull down has replaced the passive pulldown of the UC1854.

### CURRENT AMPLIFIER

The Current Amplifier for an average current PFC controller needs a low offset voltage in order to minimize AC line current distortion. With this in mind, the UC1854A/B Current Amplifier has improved the input offset voltage from ±4mV to 0 to -3mV. The negative offset of the UC1854A/B guarantees that the PWM circuit will not drive the MOS-

### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (cont.)

FET if the current command is zero (both Current amplifier inputs zero.). Previous designs required an external offset cancellation network to implement this key feature. The bandwidth of the Current Amplifier has been improved as well to 5mHz typical. While this is not generally an issue at 50 or 60Hz inputs, it is essential for 400Hz input avionics applications.

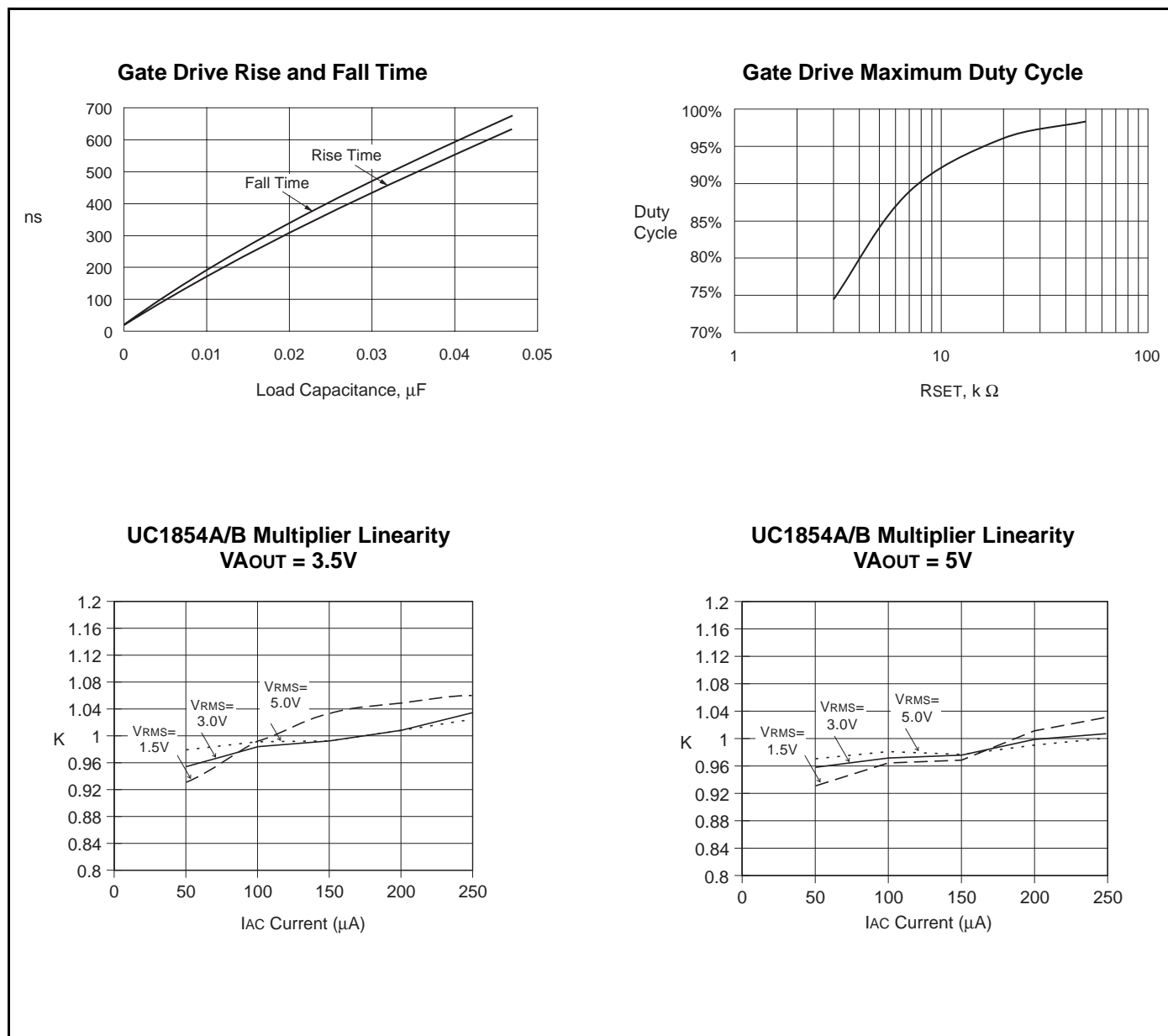
### MISCELLANEOUS

Several other important enhancements have been implemented in the UC1854A/B. A VCC supply voltage clamp at 20V allows the controller to be current fed if desired. The lower startup supply current (250µA typical), substantially

reduces the power requirements of an offline startup resistor. The 10.5/10V UVLO option (UC1854B) enables the controller to be powered off of an auxiliary 12V supply.

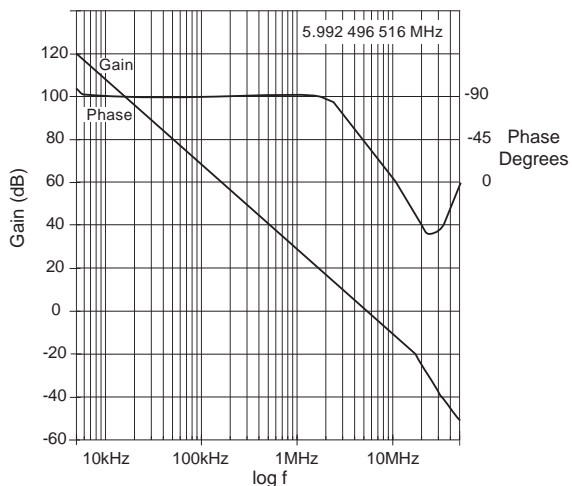
The VREF "GOOD" comparator guarantees that the MOSFET driver output remains low if the supply or the 7.5V reference are not yet up. This improvement eliminates the need for external Schottky diodes on the PKL and CA+ pins that some UC1854 designs require. The propagation delay of the disable feature has been improved to 300ns typical. This delay was proportional to the size of the VREF capacitor on the UC1854, and is typically several orders of magnitude slower.

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS at TA = TJ = 25°C

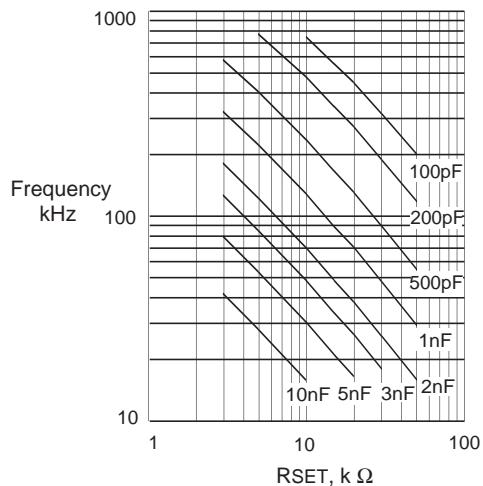


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS at  $T_A = T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (cont.)

Current Amplifier Frequency Response



Oscillator Frequency vs RSET and  $C_T$



Voltage Amplifier Gain and Phase vs Frequency

